



School name: Ernesford Grange Primary School

Covid-19: Operational Risk Assessment.

National Lockdown January 2021

Coventry School Partnership: Covid19 Operational Risk Assessment – National Lockdown January 2021 (Version 3)

1. Introduction:

Coventry's Partnership of schools have agreed a collaborative and consistent approach to secure the ongoing safety of pupils, staff and the community throughout the Pandemic.

In reviewing this guidance in the context of the National Lockdown announced on 4th January 2021, the Local Authority has had regard to advice from both the Health and Safety Executive and Government. It has noted that the Government has made clear that their advice "does not supersede any legal obligations relating to health and safety, employment or equalities and it is important that as an employer you continue to comply with your existing obligations". Health and safety: responsibilities and duties for schools Consequently, Health and Safety Legislation continues to take precedence.

This risk assessment guidance:

- Sets out the current context and statutory health and safety obligations
- Reflects the principles set out in Coventry schools Covid-19 Re-set and Recovery Plan in March 2020, which have not changed
- Sets the context for reviewing a risk assessment to "break the chain of transmission" of the disease within the school context, taking into account the Government's guidance issued on
- Provides an exemplar risk assessment that can be adopted and adapted to any educational setting
- Incorporates hyperlinks to sources of helpful information and resource

What is the risk? Covid19 is an infectious disease recognised internationally as a pandemic, the transmission of which must be controlled. Whilst it is reported that the impact of the virus has not changed since March 2020, increased social contacts and the new variant have combined to significantly increase transmission rates. Improved access to testing, including lateral flow tests has identified asymptomatic cases (no symptoms) within the community, that if not isolated early present a further transmission risk, which needs to be controlled as far as is practicably possible.

The National Lockdown aims to mitigate the risk of spiralling transmission rates (reduce the R) by minimising social contact across the Country, not in individual organisations. The Government's rationale for schools remaining partially open (special schools and Alternative Provision are expected to remain fully open) is to provide face to face teaching to vulnerable children and the children of critical workers. For vulnerable children the decision is a balanced risk judgement based on safeguarding, mental health and academic progress. Research from the Lockdown in March 2020, identified that vulnerable children including those with SEND were disproportionately impacted by not being in school. Provision for the children of critical workers is intended to ensure that services can continue to operate, including education, health and social care. For details see: Actions for schools during the coronavirus outbreak and Children of critical workers and vulnerable children who can access schools or educational settings. It is noted that the children of critical workers guidance was revised on the 8th January 2021 to "clarify that parents and carers who are critical workers should keep their children at home if they can".

This risk assessment therefore continues to focus on actions that are **reasonably practicable** to implement, that will reduce the risk of transmission of Covid19 within the school community

<u>Who is responsible?</u> The employer is responsible for making sure that risks, particularly the risks to staff and pupils, are managed so far as is reasonably practicable. For maintained schools the employer is Coventry City Council, for Academies it is the Academy Trust.

Whilst it is recognised that the employer cannot delegate the overall legal accountability for the health and safety of employees; the day-to-day running of the school including responsibility for the health and safety of staff and pupils is ordinarily delegated to the head teacher and school management team.

Reference: https://www.hse.gov.uk/services/education/sensible-leadership/school-leaders.htm

2. Overview of Actions required for safe methods of working:

- Put in place sensible and proportional approaches to minimise the risk of Covid19 transmission to staff, pupils and visitors whilst in school.
- Communicate the risks and required safe methods of working to all building users and monitor compliance
- Ensure that staff (employees) have the relevant information and training to manage risks on a day to day basis, including access to competent health and safety advice where needed and that they understand their personal responsibility for their safety and the safety of others.
- Check that the control measures have been implemented and remain appropriate and effective.
- Ensure that the control measures are monitored throughout the day and reviewed where necessary.

2.1 Key message:

Good health and safety is about keeping things simple, being proportionate and focusing on the real (substantive) risks. Procedures should be clear and concise with assessment of risk being practical. Good leadership is about getting the balance right on managing risk rationally, it is not about trying to eliminate it altogether.

2.2 What leaders need to do:

- Ensure that the school is following the employer's health and safety policy and has effective arrangements for managing the health and safety risks at the school.
- Maintain effective communications with employers, governors, and the school workforce, and give clear information to pupils and visitors, including contractors, regarding any significant risks on site.
- Make sure that the staff have the appropriate training and competencies to deal with risks in their areas of responsibility.
- Consult and work with recognised TU safety representatives/employee representatives and safety committees. It is a legal requirement that employers must consult with the health and safety representative selected by a recognised trade union or, if there isn't one, a representative chosen by staff
- Make sure that staff understand their responsibilities and know how to access support and advice to help them manage risks responsibly.
- Provide visible leadership to the whole school so that staff feel motivated, supported and empowered to focus on the things that really matter.

See: https://www.hse.gov.uk/services/education/sensible-leadership/leadership-test.pdf

3. Locally agreed Principles:

Coventry schools Covid-19 re-set and recovery Plan' May 2020 set out agreed principles to secure the wider reopening of schools. The following five principles remain relevant during the current lockdown period.

The safety of everyone in school is paramount

- A consistent and co-ordinated approach and communication will be maintained across the Coventry school system
- The absolute focus on encouraging all eligible vulnerable children to return to school will be maintained alongside provision for children of critical workers
- Adherence to social distancing will be maintained as far as practicably possible in all classroom and school environments
- School organisational planning will minimise the number of pupils that each staff member has contact with

4. What we know:

The World Health organisation (WHO) confirms that data from published epidemiology and virologic studies provides evidence that COVID-19 is primarily transmitted directly from symptomatic people (those infected with Covid19 displaying symptoms) to others who are in close contact with the infected person. Respiratory droplets are passed on directly through coughing and sneezing, or indirectly by contact with contaminated objects and surfaces; where the virus may be transferred from the surface to the hand and then the face - eyes, nose or mouth. It is understood that people can be infectious before their illness starts. It is now evident that infection can be asymptomatic (no symptoms) thereby presenting a higher risk of unintentional transmission. Therefore, to minimise the risk of transmission, settings must put into place effective infection protection and control. Ensuring appropriate social distancing in school, meticulous hand hygiene practice all serve to reduce risk significantly.

The hierarchy of controls: if properly implemented will substantially reduce the risk of transmission of infection.

These include:

Exclusion:-

- Minimising contact with individuals who are unwell by ensuring that those who have coronavirus symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend childcare settings, schools or colleges. Covid19 tests for symptomatic household member/s to confirm or negate a diagnosis should be promoted.
- Clinically extremely vulnerable individuals will receive a letter from the NHS or a medical specialist and are advised to shield and not to work outside the home.
- Clinically vulnerable individuals who are at higher risk of severe illness (for example, people with some pre-existing conditions as set out in guidance). Clinically vulnerable staff can continue to attend school where it is not possible to work from home, but most maintain good prevention practice in the workplace and home settings.

Hygiene:-

- A stringent cleaning regime should be in place <u>COVID-19</u>: <u>cleaning in non-healthcare settings</u>. At the highest level this could follow the advice set out in: <u>Covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings</u>
- Frequent cleaning and disinfecting of objects and surfaces that are touched regularly (touch points), should be undertaken using standard cleaning products or antiseptic wipes, both of which kill the virus. This may require settings to enhance cleaning capacity. It should be recognised that cleaners and caretakers provide the frontline in protecting everyone in school, but health and safety is everyone's responsibility so cleaning tasks may be undertaken by any member of staff as appropriate.
- Socialising hygiene routines including regular hand-cleaning regimes washing hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with running water and soap, drying them thoroughly or using alcohol hand rub or sanitiser

- ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered. Identify specific situations when additional handwashing is required
- Ensuring good respiratory hygiene by promoting the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach with follow up handwashing and cleaning/wiping of any contaminated area followed by safe disposal of waste
- Maximise natural ventilation and access to the external learning environment, whilst maintaining a
 comfortable working temperature within school see: <u>air conditioning and ventilation during the
 coronavirus outbreak</u>

Social Distancing:-

- Secure social distancing whenever practicably possible, through footfall management and planned supervised movement throughout the school building
- Regulate entry so that the premises do not become overcrowded at any point and no 'pinch points' are experienced at ingress or egress
- Where it is possible to remain 2 metres apart, use floor markings/signage to mark the distance and facilitate compliance, particularly in corridors, hand cleaning areas, toilets and internal and external communal break areas
- Ensure the environment (such as classroom layout) and timetables are conducive with social distancing
 remove all clutter and non-essential resources
- Minimise social contact by forming small fixed groups of staff and children and avoiding movement between or blending of groups whenever possible
- Where face-to-face contact is essential, this should be kept to 15 minutes or less whenever possible, contact should be side by side.
- Social distancing is not required in an emergency situation, e.g. medical emergency, fire evacuation
 etc. PPE should be used in a medical emergency if time permits (a first aid supply of PPE is provided to
 all schools to secure an individual emergency situation, for example a sudden illness that may be
 Covid19 symptomatic of a child or staff member in school)

Lateral Flow Testing:-

Take active steps to identify asymptomatic cases within the school community, though the promotions of regular (at least weekly) community or on-site lateral flow testing for all staff and pupils year 7 and above, adhering to the <u>Mass asymptomatic testing: schools and colleges</u> safe operating procedures if based in school.

5. Summary:

These underlying principles are the key focus for organising all aspects of the school day and need to be built into the operational routine. A model Covid19 operational risk assessment has been developed for City-wide use, which is pre-populated with generic safe methods of working. If adopted, this will need to be adapted to each specific setting. In addition to infection control, the risk assessment template and supporting resources extends to support additional health and safety considerations related to the consequences of Covid19 specifically:

- Securing provision for SEN balancing the risk of allowing external visitors into school with the duty of best endeavours to provide
- Health and safety audit of the school building checklist for use by class teachers (HSE) to ensure that the overall building is safe to use in terms of trips, falls, lighting, electricity hazards etc.
- Staff audit and recovery plans for absence of leadership, teachers, non-teaching staff, cleaners, first-aiders and DSL
- Communicating with parents, staff, visitors and the general public
- Supporting the mental health and well-being of everyone in school

Delivering remote learning at an equivalent level to school attendance

6. Key resources and references:

Actions for schools during the coronavirus outbreak
Children of critical workers and vulnerable children who
can access schools or educational settings
Mass asymptomatic testing: schools and colleges
air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus
outbreak

School attendance: guidance for schools
Disapplication notice: school attendance legislation
changes

COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings keeping children safe in education letters-to-clinically-extremely-vulnerable-people Covid-19-advice-for-pregnant-employee

COVID-19: cleaning in non-healthcare settings
Covid-19-decontamination-in-non-healthcare-settings
staying at home and away from others (social
distancing)

Health and safety risk checklist for classrooms
E-bug posters

Coronavirus (COVID-19): implementing protective measures in education and childcare settings
Coronavirus (COVID-19): implementing social distancing in education and childcare settings

Model COVID-19: Operational risk assessment for National Lockdown

Please note: This template first issued in March 2020, has been revised to reflect the risks during National Lockdown. The review of schools current risk assessment (September 2020, full return to school) should be undertaken in conjunction with the covering LA guidance which absorbs statutory requirements and any Government guidance available as at January 2021.

Control measures have been used to exemplify actions that could be taken to mitigate the risk, which you can use or modify as appropriate. Please add additional Activity (risks) as deemed necessary and delete any activity that does not apply to your school. The table is designed to enable you to re-order risks/priorities as you require.

Assessment conducted by:	lan Taylor	Job title:	Headteacher	Covered by this assessment:	Staff, pupils, contractors, visitors, volunteers
Date of assessment:	18.1.21	Review interval:	Weekly	Date of next review:	25.1.21

Risk matrix

Risk rating			Likelihood of occurrence					
H	High (H), Medium (M), Low (L)			Medium (possible) Low (remote			remote)	
Activity	Risk rating prior to action (H/M/L)	Control measures		In place? (Yes/No)	Additional co	ontrols	Residual risk rating (H/M/L)	
1. Establishing a gradua	1. Establishing a gradual and safe approach for pupils and staff to return to school:							
1.1 Establishing if the bui	lding is safe follo	wing an extended closure or reduced use	of building.					
Health and safety risk assessments have not been reviewed. The health and safety audit is overdue.	L	 Health and safety audit conducted by nominated Classroom audits undertaken using the HSE Head for classrooms Risk assessments are updated or undertaken to mitigation strategies are put into place and coappropriate training covering: Different areas of the school Procedures for when pupils and staff enter a planned movement around the school during times 	pealth and safety risk checklist perfore the school reopens, mmunicated to staff with	Yes	Teachers to enter and spaces'/classrooms thi doors. Staff should not enter 'safe spaces.'	rough external		

Activity	Risk rating prior to action (H/M/L)	Control measures	In place? (Yes/No)	Additional controls	Residual risk rating (H/M/L)
		 Delivering aspects of the curriculum, especially for practical subjects and where shared equipment is used. All equipment will be cleaned after use and quarantined if possible. 			
Statutory compliance has not been completed due to the availability of contractors during lockdown	L	 All statutory compliance is up to date. Where water systems have not been maintained throughout lockdown, chlorination, flushing and certification by a specialist contractor has been arranged. 	Yes	Unused water areas include Y3 and Y5 children's toilets. SSO to flush unused toilets and run unused taps daily.	
1.2 First Aid/Designated S	Safeguarding Lea	ds			
The lack of availability of designated First Aiders and Designated Safeguarding Leads may children's safety at risk	М	If the DSL is not on site because of operational challenges, the following cover arrangements are in place: a trained DSL (or deputy) from the school will be available via phone or online video, e.g. working from home access to a trained DSL from a partner school, will be available via phone or online video Where a trained DSL (or deputy) is not on site, a senior leader should take responsibility for coordinating safeguarding on site.	Yes	There are enough first aid trained staff in school each day to ensure there is a first aider in each bubble. There are 3 safeguarding trained members of staff at school who will be vigilant with all safety measures and limit their contact with others. DSLs can work from home when not required at school.	

2. Determining the number of pupils that can be accommodated within the school infrastructure 2.1 Organisation of teaching spaces and communal areas Posters will be displayed if appropriate however, children will be reminded about the expectations Classroom size capacity audit undertaken using social distancing measure throughout the day and routines will of 2m – maximum number of people (children and adults) determined be consistent. Timetables and staffing model determined to secure curriculum delivery for class-group size Classroom sizes will not Large communal areas such as the Classrooms are re-modelled, with chairs and desks in place to allow for allow adequate social hall and learning hubs will be used social distancing. Any surplus furniture including 'spare' chairs are distancing instead of classrooms if bubble removed if possible and area de-cluttered numbers are high. Ensure class groups and staff stay together consistently and do not mix or blend with other groups Bubble will be split into smaller groups and use additional spaces whenever possible. Bubble sizes are not ■ Teaching groups ('bubbles') are as small as possible, and maximise the supporting the principle of distance between pupils; between pupils and staff and between adults. Yes Google forms/surveys are sent out A full-size mainstream classroom this is likely to safely accommodate minimising the number of every Thursday to ascertain social contacts in school, circa 15 pupils. numbers of critical workers who Arrangements to safely support pupils requiring individual support and because they are too big need provision each week. and overlap intervention are in place supported by a pupil specific risk assessment. Arrangements to maintain consistent groups of staff and pupils as far as Staff will be allocated a bubble and is practicably possible are in place will stay with that bubble only. Securing consistency of groups in EYFS and reception/Year 1 recognises that because of their age or cognition, children cannot practice social The number of staff required is distancing. Small consistent groups provide an additional protective higher on Tuesday, Wednesday and measure. Thursday, the children will be split ■ The timetable in structured and non-structured times strictly limits the into smaller groups on these days interaction and the sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups and communal rooms will be used. as much as possible. Teachers and staff can operate across different groups if necessary, to Large communal areas such as the secure capacity and deliver a broad curriculum, but must observe social hall and learning hubs will be used distancing to reduce the risk of transmission between bubbles if possible. instead of classrooms if bubble Gatherings e.g. assemblies must not involve more than one bubble. numbers are high. Set group size limit for large spaces (e.g. hall, sports hall, dining hall) that Large spaces that need to be match teaching group size. Dining room tables will be used in Yes Large gatherings of pupils and/or staff are prohibited, compliance is used as classrooms the halls and set out in rows.

supported by signage, training and monitoring.

Staff rooms and offices do not allow for observation of social distancing guidelines	L	 Staff rooms and offices have been reviewed and appropriate configurations of furniture and workstations have been put in place to allow for social distancing. Staff are discouraged from congregating in communal spaces and are encouraged to eat observing social distance alone or with their designated team. 	Yes	Only one member of the admin team will be in school on any given day. Staff who enter SLT offices must wear a face covering and follow social distancing rules. All meetings will take place through Microsoft teams.	
Securing good ventilation of occupied spaces results in areas being too cold to work in comfortably 2.2 Availability of staff and classes.	L	To balance the need for increased ventilation whilst maintaining a comfortable temperature, the following measures should be used as appropriate (as advised by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE) see guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice): • opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts. Windows should be opened just enough to provide constant background ventilation and opened more fully during breaks (for examples, between classes, during break and lunch, when a room is unused) to purge the air in the space). • Opening internal doors can also assist with creating a throughput of air • Opening external doors may be considered (as long as they are not fire doors and only where safe to do so). • Flexibility on school uniform will be allowed to enable pupils to wear additional, suitable indoor clothing. For more information see School uniform. • Where possible furniture will be arranged to avoid direct drafts • mechanical ventilation systems should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply). • Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces.	Yes	All pupil premium children will be provided with a PE kit that they can wear to school on the days they have PE. The PE kit will be substantial to ensure children do not get cold. Hall windows and doors will remain open throughout the day.	

The number of staff who are available is insufficient to safely teach classes in school, operate effective home learning schemes and safeguard children not in school	M	 The health status and availability of every member of staff is known and is regularly updated so that deployment can be planned. Any staff member who is identified as clinically extremely are strongly advised by the NHS to stay at home and cannot be allowed in school for their own protection. Staff members who are clinically vulnerable can work in school if it is not possible to work from home but must adhere to Covid-19 safety measures for their protection and the protection of others as set out in their VERA. Staff are aware of the current symptom checker for Covid-19, including high temperature, persistent cough and loss of taste and smell and understand that they are not permitted to attend school if they or a household member is symptomatic All staff are aware of the testing procedure and know that they are required to report their illness or the illness of a household member immediately to enable testing to take place within 3 days of onset. Full use is made of those staff who are self-isolating or shielding but who are well enough to teach lessons online. Flexible and responsive use of teaching assistants and pastoral staff is in place to supervise classes under the direction of a teacher if required If classes in school cannot be delivered because staffing capacity is depleted a blended model of home learning and attendance at school will be utilised temporarily, until staffing levels improve. Any temporary change in provision for vulnerable or critical worker children will be risk assessed against safeguarding criteria in consultation with partners, with a clear plan of return. An appropriate hierarchy of deputisation is in place should a senior leader be unavailable. 	Yes	Members of SLT will support with remote learning, should there be staff absence due to sickness.	
2.3 Testing and managing	symptoms				
Testing is not used effectively to help manage staffing levels and support staff wellbeing	L	 Guidance on accessing a priority test for symptomatic household members has been brought to the attention of all staff. Staff share the outcome of the test with their employer. 	Yes		

Infection transmission within school due to staff/pupils (or members of their household) displaying symptoms	М	 Pupils, parents and staff are aware of what steps to take if they, or any member of their household, display symptoms. This includes an understanding of the definitions and mitigating actions to take in relation to the terms clinically vulnerable and clinically extremely vulnerable should these apply. Robust collection and monitoring of absence data, including tracking return to school dates, is in place Procedures are in place to deal with any pupil or staff displaying symptoms at school. This includes safe isolation procedures, departure and cleaning. A record of any COVID-19 symptoms in staff or pupils is reported to the trust or local authority. Public health advice is followed. 	Yes		
Lateral Flow Tests are not used routinely by the school community resulting in a continuing unknown number of asymptomatic pupils and staff in school	L	 The positive benefits of wide take-up of regular LFT to the health and safety of everyone within both the school and wider community is understood and promoted All staff understand their entitlement to access regular lateral flow community or school-based testing; are informed of the advantages and positive impact it has on identifying asymptomatic cases and are encouraged and enabled to participate in regular LFT screening 	Yes		
Staff, pupils and parents are not aware of the school's procedures (including on self-isolation and testing) should anyone display symptoms of COVID-19	L	 Staff, pupils and parents have received clear communications informing them of current government guidance on the actions to take should anyone display symptoms of COVID-19 and how this will be implemented in the school. This guidance has been explained to staff and pupils as part of the induction process and systems are in place to validate understanding Any updates or changes to this guidance are communicated in a timely and effective way to all staff and partners. 	Yes		
Staff, pupils and parents are not aware of the school's procedures should there be a confirmed case of COVID-19 in the school	L	 Staff, pupils and parents have received clear communications informing them of current government guidance on confirmed cases of COVID-19 and how this will be implemented in the school. This guidance has been explained to staff and pupils as part of the induction process. 	Yes	All relevant information, correspondents and letters are put on the school website or sent out via School Comms.	
Staff, pupils and parents are not aware or are not compliant with self-isolation requirements	L	 Consistent and repetitive reinforcement of the need for pupils and staff to stay home of they are unwell, reminding them that early onset symptoms can be complex. 	Yes	Regular reminders will be sent to parents via School Comms.	

 Consistent and repetitive reinforcement supported by high vigilance of the requirement to self-isolate at home for 10 clear days if identified as a close contact of a positive Covid-19 case. This includes household members. Reinforce the new requirement to self-isolate for travel reasons should that occur.

2.4 Ensuring that only vulnerable students and the children of critical workers (where they cannot be at home) attend school					
The demand for school places is too high to balance safety, staffing ratios and remote learning requirements.	H	 Only pupils that meet the vulnerable and critical worker criteria are permitted to attend school in law, therefore no pupil outside of this criteria will be allowed to attend school. An objective discussion with parents to provide information on the remote learning offer will enable them to make an informed choice when confirming if they want their child to attend school. A partnership discussion coupled with a vulnerable pupil specific risk assessment will be conducted if the school needs to reduce demand to secure safety. Clear criteria on what constitutes an entitlement to a critical worker place, enforcing the requirement for parents to keep children at home if they can will be communicated. 	Yes	We have high numbers of critical worker children therefore Google Surveys will be used each week to help plan staffing. Remote learning is carried out through Google classroom. Devices have been provided for the families who have requested them.	
3 Preventative measures t	o reduce risk of	transmission through breaches of social distancing or good hygiene			
3.1 Staff induction and Cl	PD				
Staff are not trained in new procedures, leading to risks to health	L	A virtual induction and CPD programme is delivered to all staff prior to reopening, which includes: Infection control Fire safety and evacuation procedures Constructive behaviour management Safeguarding Risk management	Yes	Fire evacuation procedures will follow the same process, the only change being, children's names are recorded in a book each morning. Children are signed in and out.	
New staff are not aware of policies and procedures prior to starting at the school when it reopens	L	 Induction programmes are in place for all new staff – either online or inschool – prior to them starting. The revised staff handbook is issued to all new staff prior to them starting. 	Yes	There is one new member of staff who has been guided by their mentor and phase leader regarding policies and procedures.	
3.2 Communication strate	gy				
A failure to comply and/or sustain Covid compliance at all levels of school life, leads to school transmission outbreaks	L	 Strong distributed leadership across the school will model and challenge breaches in compliance through education, training and behavioural expectations. Repetitive training and messaging will culturally embed safe practice and high expectations, reinforcing both the health consequences of transmission and the impact on learning. Staff will feel confident in reporting issues/incidents that they believe to be unsafe and concerns will be listened to, investigated and where appropriate learning implemented. 	Yes	Previous lessons learned documents have been communicated with SMT then shared during phase meetings.	

		Following a Covid-19 positive incident in school, staff will reflect on lessons learned as part of a drive for continuous improvement.			
Key stakeholders are not fully informed about changes to policies and procedures due to COVID-19, resulting in risks to health	L	 Communications strategies for the following groups are in place: Staff Pupils Parents Governors/Trustees Local authority Professional associations including Trade Unions Other partners including peripatetic staff and health professionals 	Yes	Governors are updated regularly and any changes to key documents are shared on Governor Hub.	
There is a lack of clarity and understanding in maintaining social distancing and good hygiene	L	 Clear signage is in place at all school entrances, reception, toilets, washing, teaching, social and communal areas promoting the 2-metre rule, good handwashing and 'catch it bin it' rules. Clear floor markings identify 2 metre spaces and one-way systems in corridors and thoroughfares to ensure safe distancing when travelling in and around the building or the external environment, including arrival and leaving procedures. All systems and procedures are visibly modelled by leaders and routinely monitored and reviewed throughout the day. 	Yes	More signage will be added in key areas if necessary. However, verbal reminders and robust routines are more effective than posters for children.	
Parents and carers may not fully understand their responsibilities should a member of their household or a child show symptoms of COVID-19	L	 Key messages in line with government guidance are reinforced on a weekly basis via email, text and the school's website. Parents are enabled to understand that they should not send their child to school if they are ill, for whatever reason 	Yes	Regular messages are sent via School Comms.	

4 Planning movement aro	und the school			
Movement around the school risks breaching social distancing guidelines	L	 Circulation plans have been reviewed and revised. Corridors are divided where feasible. Pinch points and bottle necks are identified and managed accordingly. Movement of pupils around school is minimised as much as possible, with pupils staying in classrooms and utilising any external learning environment that is available Pupils are regularly briefed regarding observing social distancing guidance. Appropriate levels of supervision and guidance are in place 	Yes	The school is made up of four separate buildings and does not lend itself to a one-way system. Therefore, staff will remain in their safe spaces and use external doors. Movement inside the school building is limited and bubbles have allocated entry and exit points.
4.1 Management of social	distancing in the	e reception area		
Groups of people gather in reception (parents, visitors, deliveries) which risks breaching social distancing guidelines	L	 No visitors are allowed on the premises without a pre-arranged appointment. Any visitors are provided with clear guidelines on behaviours whilst on premises – ideally sent electronically in advance of the visit. Non-contact signing in arrangements are in place that do not require writing or electronic entry by the visitor. Social distancing points are clearly set out, using floor markings, continuing outside where necessary. Social distancing guidance is clearly displayed to protect reception staff (e.g. distance from person stood at reception desk). Non-essential deliveries and visitors to school are minimised. Arrangements are in place for segregation of visitors. Visitors are required to wear face coverings in all public areas unless they have a medical exception and arrangements can be put into place to mitigate any additional risk. 	Yes	Glass screens are kept closed in the reception area. Signage clearly states that visitors must wear face coverings and that no more than two people should enter the reception area.
4.2 Management of Aggr	ess and Egress –	arrival and departure		
The start and end of the school day create risks of breaching social distancing guidelines	L	 Parents have clear information on drop-off, pick up procedures whether on foot or driving with clear signage in place Start and departure times are staggered to reduce pinch points and risk of breach. A clear traffic management scheme is in place that allows safe queuing of vehicles monitored on the school gate with a drop-off and go procedure in place. All available safe exits are utilised to leave the school building, with clear safeguarding procedures in place to ensure children are handed over to their parents. 	Yes	There are 4 gates/separate entry points ensuring social distancing is easier. Each bubble will have an allocated entry and exit point and allocated time slot for drop off and collection.

		 Segregation of groups is considered wherever practicable. Floor markings are visible where it is necessary to manage any queuing. 			
Pupils and parents congregate at exits and entrances, making social distancing measures difficult to apply	L	 Start and finish times are staggered. The use of available entrances and exits is maximised. Social distancing guidelines are reinforced at entrances and exits through signage and floor/ground markings, including external drop-off and pick-up points. Weekly messages to parents stress the need for social distancing at arrival and departure times. 	Yes		
4.3 Management of classro	ooms and teachi	ng spaces			
The size and configuration of classrooms and teaching spaces does not support compliance with social distancing measures	L	 Net capacity assessment is completed, with each classroom and teaching space compliant with social distancing measures and in line with local and government guidance. Arrangements are reviewed regularly. 	Yes	Large spaces such as halls and learning hubs are used instead of classrooms if possible. The largest classrooms in KS1 are being used.	
4.4 Management of mover	ment in corridor				
Social distancing guidance is breached when pupils circulate in corridors	L	 Circulation plans have been reviewed and amended. Corridors are divided where feasible. Any pinch points/bottle necks are identified and managed accordingly. The movement of pupils around school is minimised as much as possible. Where possible, pupils and staff stay in classrooms or in designated external areas Pupils are reminded regularly to observe social distancing guidance whilst circulating, supported by signage Appropriate supervision levels are in place. 	Yes	The school is made up of four separate buildings and does not lend itself to a one-way system. Therefore, staff will remain in their safe spaces and use external doors. Movement inside the school building is limited and bubbles have allocated entry and exit points.	
4.5 Management of social	distancing at bre	eak times			

Pupils may not observe social distancing at break times	L	 Break times are staggered. External areas are designated for different groups. Pupils are reminded about social distancing as break times begin. Social distancing signage is in place around the school and in key areas. Supervision levels have been enhanced, especially with younger pupils, to support social distancing. 	Yes		
4.6 Management of social	distancing at lu	nch times			
Pupils may not observe social distancing at lunch times	L	 Pupils are reminded about social distancing as lunch times begin. Pupils wash their hands using the 20 second routine, before and after eating. Seating and staffing arrangements are consistent. Tables and chairs have been cordoned off where this is not possible. Additional arrangements are in place, such as staggering lunch times, delivering grab bags to classrooms, pupils eating in classrooms or other spaces. Guidance has been issued to parents and pupils on packed lunches. Eating areas are cleaned after lunch. 	Yes	The dining room is not used. Children will eat in the halls and the classrooms. Enhanced cleaning will be in place in all areas used for eating.	
4.7 Management of social	distancing and	hygiene in the toilets			
Queues for toilets and handwashing risk non- compliance with social distancing measures	L	 Queuing zones for toilets and hand washing have been established and are monitored. Floor markings are in place to enable social distancing. Pupils know that they can only use the toilet one at a time. Pupils are encouraged to access the toilet during class/throughout the day to help avoid queues. The toilets are cleaned frequently. Monitoring ensures a constant supply of soap and paper towels. Bins are emptied regularly. Pupils are reminded regularly on how to wash hands and young children are supervised in doing so. Signage is in place. 	Yes	Each bubble has an allocated toilet area. Enhanced cleaning is in place for all touch points in the toilet areas.	
4.8 Safety arrangements f	or the use of me	edical rooms		1	

The configuration of medical rooms may compromise social distancing measures	L	 Social distancing provisions are in place for medical rooms. Additional rooms are designated for pupils with suspected COVID-19 whilst collection is arranged. Procedures are in place for medical rooms to be cleaned after suspected COVID-19 cases, along with other affected areas, including toilets. Covid-19 first aid packs are available to ensure appropriate PPE for supervising staff 	Yes	We do not have a medical room, however, the same principles will apply for the designated area within school.	
5. Securing and sustaini	ng robust hygie	ene systems and procedures			
5.1 Cleaning					
Cleaning capacity is reduced so that an initial deep-clean and ongoing cleaning of surfaces are not undertaken to the standards required	L	 An enhanced cleaning plan is agreed and implemented which minimises the spread of infection. Working hours for cleaning staff are increased to secure sufficient capacity to undertake an enhanced cleaning regime throughout the day. Sufficient supplies of soap/handwash, paper towels, tissues and cleaning products are procured to ensure constant supplies ae available in every teaching and washing space. 	Yes		
5.2 Hygiene and handwasł	ning				
Inadequate supplies of soap and hand sanitiser mean that pupils and staff do not wash their hands with sufficient frequency	L	 An audit of handwashing facilities and sanitiser dispensers is undertaken before the school reopens and additional supplies are ordered Monitoring arrangements are in place to ensure that supplies of soap, hand towels and sanitiser are maintained throughout the day. 	Yes		
Pupils forget to wash their hands regularly and frequently	L	 Staff training includes the need to remind pupils of the need to wash their hands regularly and frequently. Posters and electronic messaging boards reinforce the need to wash hands regularly and frequently. School leaders monitor the extent to which handwashing is taking place on a regular and frequent basis. Pupils and staff are taught how to effectively wash their hands especially before and after eating, going to the toilet, or following direct contact with another person 	Yes	Routines for handwashing form part of the timetable and these routines are embedded.	
5.3 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)					
Provision of PPE for staff where required is not in line with government guidelines	L	 Government guidance on wearing PPE is understood, communicated and sufficient PPE has been procured. 	Yes	PPE is stored centrally and staff have access.	

Failure to fit, wear, store and dispose face coverings safely contributes to the transmission of infection	L	 Those staff required to wear PPE (e.g. SEND intimate care; receiving/handling deliveries; cleaning staff) have been instructed on how to put on and how to remove PPE carefully to reduce contamination and also how to dispose of them safely. Staff are reminded that wearing of gloves is not a substitute for good handwashing. Face coverings should be worn safely by adults when moving around the premises, specifically outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas where social distancing cannot easily be maintained. This should cover entrance and egress of the premises see: safe working in education (face coverings should be put on before entering the building and not removed until leaving the building when outside of the classroom) Those with a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability or those who provide assistance to someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, may be exempted (clear pane face coverings may be appropriate in some instances) see: face coverings An emergency supply of face coverings for contingency purposes is available if required. All staff are aware of the process for managing face coverings in school which includes the hygienic fitting, removing, storage and disposal 		Face coverings should be worm when parents are on site in the morning and at home time.	
6. Curriculum organisation 6.1 Provision for Vulnera Clear identification processes are not in place to identify vulnerable children	•	 (sealable plastic bags between use). of an education offer for all through school attendance or remote leads of the school roll has been conducted to identify all pupils who meet the Government's vulnerable pupil criteria. Where there is a safeguarding concern pupil attendance is strongly encouraged and any concerns shared with the relevant social worker. When a pupil is identified as vulnerable because of challenges in accessing remote learning, all reasonable actions will be taken (e.g. provision of a laptop) before determining school attendance is required. 	earning Yes	The inclusion team are in regular contact with children who have SEN through phone calls, online meetings and tutorials.	

A clear understanding of the options available to teach children with SEND has not been communicated with parents, including those with an EHC Plan 6.1 Provision for the child	L dren of critical (I	 Arrangements are in place for all pupils with an EHC Plan to attend school full-time unless parents choose not to accept the offer The provisions specified in the EHC Plan are delivered in accordance with statutory entitlement, but where this presents an additional transmission risk, creative alternative arrangements are considered where practicable External specialists including health professionals and peripatetic services are enabled to deliver necessary services directly in school if necessary 	Yes	The inclusion team are in regular contact with children who have EHC plans through phone calls, online meetings and tutorials. Children with EHC plans are still having annual reviews timely using Teams to make sure all professionals can attend. Resources have been adapted and sent remotely where it is deemed it is safer for a child to remain at home.
Pupils whose parents are critical (key) workers and it is evident that they cannot remain at home are not offered a school place and the parent is unable to work 6.1 Provision of remote le	L earning	 Arrangements are in place to identify critical workers who are not able to keep their children at home and deliver their role and a placement is made available. 	Yes	A clear plan for provision of critical worker children is in place and operational.
Arrangements for remote learning are insecure or unsustainable and do not meet the statutory requirements of the temporary continuity direction	L	 Insert school arrangements and mitigation: To secure the statutory duty to provide remote education for state-funded, school-age children whose attendance would be contrary to government guidance or law around coronavirus (COVID-19). The following arrangements are in place and are subject to constant monitoring and review: the remote learning offer is equivalent to the core teaching pupils would receive in school (delete as appropriate):- Key Stage 1: 3 hours a day on average across the cohort, with less for younger children Key Stage 2: 4 hours a day Systems are in place for checking, daily, whether pupils are engaging with their work A named senior leader with overarching responsibility for the quality and delivery of remote education is in 	Yes	A clear plan and robust is in place for remote learning and is operational. Please refer to the school home learning policy. Children not engaging in remote learning through Google classroom are monitored and contacted by the inclusion team. This contact has helped to identify the families who need additional support. We now have technical support in school every day to assist with staff training and queries from parents.

		Information for pupils, parents and carers about the remote education provision is published on the school website (required action by 25 January 2021 – an optional template is available for this purpose)			
Pupils are unable to access the online offer	L	 Set out arrangements to overcome digital poverty Set out arrangements to support parents Set out arrangements to consider support that can be offered to parents to enable them to construct a learning environment within their home Set out the arrangements for disengagement 	Yes	Devices have been allocated to the families who have requested one. SIM cards with data have been given to families who do not have wi-fi. The most vulnerable families have been identified and contacted regarding loaning a device.	
7. Enhancing mental hea	alth support fo	r pupils and staff			
7.1 Mental health concern	ns – pupils				
Pupils' mental health has been adversely affected during the period that the school has been closed and by the COVID-19 crisis in general	М	 There are sufficient numbers of trained staff available to support pupils with mental health issues. There is access to designated staff for all pupils who wish to talk to someone about wellbeing/mental health. Wellbeing/mental health is discussed regularly in PSHE/virtual assemblies/pupil briefings (stories/toy characters are used for younger pupils to help talk about feelings). Resources/websites to support the mental health of pupils are provided. 	Yes	Regular contact is made to the most vulnerable through the inclusion team. There are regular well-being checks through online meetings with groups of children and class teachers.	
7.2 Mental health concerns – staff					
The mental health of staff has been adversely affected during the period that the school has been closed and by the COVID-19 crisis in general	М	 Staff are encouraged to focus on their wellbeing. Line managers are proactive in discussing wellbeing with the staff that they manage, including their workload. Staff briefings and training have included content on wellbeing. Staff briefings/training on wellbeing are provided. Staff have been signposted to useful websites and resources. 	Yes	SMT and teaching staff have been consulted on workload and have had input into the expectations regarding remote learning.	

Working from home can adversely affect mental health	L	 Staff working from home due to self-isolation have regular catch-ups with line managers. Staff are encouraged to speak regularly with colleagues, take regular breaks and exercise. Appropriate work plans have been agreed with support provided where necessary. Staff working from home may help provide remote learning for any pupils who need to stay at home. 	Yes	Staff have been allocated safe spaces to teach remotely, allowing them to have contact with colleagues safely, in turn helping with the mental health issues associated with working from home.	
7.3 Bereavement support					
Pupils and staff are grieving because of loss of friends or family	М	 The school has access to trained staff who can deliver bereavement counselling and support. This includes the Council's critical incident team Support is requested from other organisations when necessary. 	Yes	Staff continue to offer one to one support for pupils who have suffered loss. Where appropriate timely referrals made to outside agencies for further support.	
8 Governance and policy					
8.1 The role of Governors					
Lack of governor oversight during the COVID-19 crisis leads to the school failing to meet statutory requirements.	М	 The governing body continues to meet regularly via online platforms. The governing body agendas are structured to ensure all statutory requirements are discussed and school leaders are held to account for their implementation. The Headteacher's report to governors includes content and updates on how the school is continuing to meet its statutory obligations in addition to covering the school's response to COVID-19. Regular dialogue with the Chair of Governors and those governors with designated responsibilities is in place. Minutes of governing body meetings are reviewed to ensure that they accurately record governors' oversight and holding leaders to account for areas of statutory responsibility. 	Yes	Committee meetings need to be scheduled for this term.	
Governors are not fully informed or involved in making key decisions	М	 Online meetings are held regularly with governors. Governing bodies are involved in key decisions on reopening. Governors are briefed regularly on the latest government guidance and its implications for the school. 	Yes	Governors have been kept updated on all things operational.	
8.2 Policy review	8.2 Policy review				

Existing policies on safeguarding, health and safety, fire evacuation, medical, behaviour, attendance and other policies are no longer fit for purpose in the current circumstances	L	 All relevant policies have been revised to take account of government guidance on social distancing and COVID-19 and its implications for the school. Staff, pupils, parents and governors have been briefed accordingly. Governors have approved revisions A review of the child protection policy to reflect the move to remote education for most pupils has been undertaken. This is reflected as a coronavirus (COVID-19) addendum that summarises related changes All staff are aware of the revised policy. 		Please refer to updated safeguarding policy.	
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9. Other operational issues					
9.1 Review of fire procedu	ures				
Fire procedures are not appropriate to cover new arrangements	L	 Fire procedures have been reviewed and revised where required, due to: Reduced numbers of pupils/staff* Possible absence of fire marshals Social distancing rules during evacuation and at muster points Possible need for additional muster point(s) to enable social distancing where possible Staff and pupils have been briefed on any new evacuation procedures. Incident controller and fire marshals have been trained and briefed appropriately. 	Yes	Fire evacuation procedures will follow the same process, the only change being, children's names are recorded in a book each morning. Children are signed in and out.	
Fire evacuation drills - unable to apply social distancing effectively	L	Plans for fire evacuation drills are in place which are in line with social distancing measures.	Yes		
Fire marshals absent due to self-isolation	L	An additional staff rota is in place for fire marshals to cover any absences and staff have been briefed accordingly.	Yes		
9.2 Free school meals					
Pupils eligible for free school meals do not receive them.	L	The Wonde voucher scheme is used successfully for children who are FSM.	Yes		

9.3 Contractors working on the school site					
Contractors on-site whilst school is in operation may pose a risk to social distancing and infection control	L	 Ongoing works and scheduled inspections for schools (e.g. estates related) have been designated as essential work by the government and so are set to continue. An assessment has been carried out to see if any additional control measures are required to keep staff, pupils and contractors safe. Assurances have been sought from the contractors that all staff attending the setting will be in good health (symptom-free) and that contractors have procedures in place to ensure effective social distancing is maintained at all times. Alternative arrangements have been considered such as using a different entrance for contractors and organising classes so that contractors and staff/pupils are kept apart. Social distancing is being maintained throughout any such works and where this is not possible arrangements are reviewed. In addition to arrangements for COVID-19, normal contractor procedures are being applied and have been updated in light of COVID-19 (including contractor risk assessments and method statements, and contractor induction). 	Yes		
10. Additional site-spec	ific issues and r	isks			
Schools to add any site-sp	ecific issues/arr	angements here and ensure mitigation strategies are in place to ad	dress them		
Use of children's toilets could pose risk for cross-contamination.	L	 Children will operate a one in and one out system for toilets. Children will only be allowed to use their allocated toilet block. Cubicles will have appropriate signage. 	Yes		
Surfaces could be contaminated with Covid-19 despite regular cleaning.	L	 The whole school will be fogged with Zoono Z71 surface protectant and microbe shield sanitiser by a professional pest control company. This will take place once a month. The microbe shield can kill the virus on surfaces for up to 30 days. Doors (excluding fire doors) will be propped open wherever possible to avoid handles being repeatedly touched. The school gate will be left open in the morning to avoid using the keypad. 	Yes		

		 Disinfectant and clean cloths will be available to staff to spray surfaces. There will be a cleaner available all day every day to assist with cleaning surfaces. 		
Use of the dining room could pose a problem for social distancing.	Н	 Due to the location the of the dining room, it will not be used for lunches. Only cold packed lunches and deli bags will be available. Lunches will be delivered to bubbles. Children will eat within their classrooms/bubbles or outside if possible. 	Yes	
Cross contamination in wrap around childcare.	L	 Owls before and after school club will be closed. 	Yes	
After school clubs could risk spreading infection between bubbles.	L	 All clubs will be cancelled. 	Yes	
Collecting children from all year groups could pose the risk of spreading infection between parents.	М	 Parents will be reminded to wait on the playground when collecting children. Parents will be reminded of the expectations about social distancing. Parents who do not wait on the playground will be asked to do so by the KS1 staff. Parents will be told not to enter the building or approach staff. Start and end times will be staggered with allocated gates and entry points. 	Yes	
Use of staffroom could lead to staff coming into close contact.	М	 Most furniture from the staffroom has been removed. Number of staff in the staffroom is limited to 6. Staff should limit their use of the staffroom as much as possible. Staff should sit 2m apart if they decided to eat in the staffroom. Face masks should be worn in the staffroom when not eating. Facilities for food and drinks will be set up in year group areas. Staff will be reminded regularly to remain in their areas and to use external doors. Communal cutlery and crockery is to be cleaned in the dishwasher but staff have been advised to brin their own. 	Yes	

Not using face masks could lead to infection spreading between multiple members of the school community.	М	 Staff should wear face masks in communal areas of school (corridors, halls and staffroom) when social distancing is not possible. Staff should wear face masks outside and on the door when parents are on site. If corridors or other communal areas are empty, it is not necessary to wear a face mask. Walk outside the building to get to other areas of school if possible. Face masks should be worn outside by the SLT when parents are on site. 	Yes	
Not social distancing between school leaders and staff could result in several staff having to self-isolate.	Н	 Senior leaders will limit their movement around school and only visit classes if essential. Members of SLT can work from home if possible. Senior leaders will wear face masks (see above) when talking to other members of staff and in communal areas if necessary. Microsoft teams will be used for briefings and meetings if social distancing is not possible. Members of SLT should not come into close contact with each other (see below). Members of SLT should not enter each other's offices if social distancing measures are not possible or in place. SMT meetings will continue in LH2 but social distancing rules must be adhered to. All staff must follow the social distancing rules to avoid multiple staff having to isolate due to close contact. Staff should wear face masks when talking to other members of staff. Staff must avoid face-to-face conversations within 1m. Staff must avoid contact within one metre for one minute or longer without face-to-face contact. Staff must ensure they do not spend 15 minutes or more with someone within 2m. Staff should not travel in a car with another member of staff. 	Yes	
Numbers of critical workers and vulnerable children on site is high and the numbers exceed 15 per bubble.	М	 Google surveys will be sent out every Thursday to ascertain figures for each day. Staff will be allocated to bubbles accordingly. If numbers in Reception exceed 15, the children will be split into two groups and an additional classroom will be made available. In KS1 and upper KS2 the hall and communal spaces will be used instead of classrooms to ensure social distancing is possible. 	Yes	

		 In lower KS2, the Parker building will be used (in LKS2), number of children of critical worker and vulnerable children do not suggest that 15 will be exceeded. Nursery and Pre-School parents will be discouraged from sending their children to school unless it is essential. 	
SSO, cleaners and amin staff not social distancing could cause spread of infection and result in closures.	М	 SSO and admin team should limit their movement around school as much as possible. The SSO and on-site cleaner should ensure they avoid close contact with all staff members. Face to face conversations should be avoided and the SSO, on-site cleaner should not enter classrooms if there are staff Essential conversations with all staff should take place from over 2m away. All staff should avoid entering each other's offices. Essential conversations could take place outdoors if appropriate. Admin staff will work on a rota and work from home when possible. ME and HS-M will assist in dealing with phone calls and enquiries. Only one admin member of staff will be in the office each day. 	